Resident's safety and security guide Olympia II/Q-talo

The rescue plan can be found from the address: <u>https://pelsu.fi/u/pB2f</u>

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUM-BER AND POLICE

112

BUILDING ADDRESS

Konepajakatu 9 65100 VAASA ELECTRICITY SWITCHBOARD

Basement, under the main entrance

MAIN WATER SHUTOFF

In the heating room

GATHERING AREA

Backyard

MAINTENANCE

Luotsi Kiinteistöpalvelut Oy Service line: 0503891839

CIVIL DEFENCE SHELTERS

This property has a civil defence shelter. Basement, under the main entrance

Independent preparednessmeans preventing
accidents, protecting people, property, and the
environment in dangerous situations, as well
as preparation for accidents. Individual skills
in first aid and emergency fire extinguishing
are good examples of independent prepared-
ness. The Rescue Act obligates us all to prepa-
re individually.much as ye
tion of the
out the exa
Sheltering
tection from
tive radiation

Avoiding accidents is usually simple. A lot can be done simply by reacting immediately to potentially dangerous deficiencies and broken equipment. Safety deficiencies may include things such as an unploughed walkway or a broken light fixture in the basement. Deficiencies noted should be brought to the attention of the responsible parties, such as the building manager or the maintenance company.

Home storage supplies refers to a week's worth of food products and other necessary goods, e.g. medicine, water containers, spare lights and a battery-powered radio, for survival when separated from the rest of the world. Home storage supplies should be kept in every home. They must also be maintained and updated as necessary. The contents of the home storage may vary based on things such as eating habits.

Notifying of an emergency is easy. The public emergency number is 112, and it works almost everywhere in the world. The public safety call centre answering your emergency call will guide you to act correctly in any situation. Before calling the emergency number, find out as much as you can about the nature and location of the accident. The best thing is to find out the exact address.

Sheltering indoors is the best method for protection from outside threats, such as radioactive radiation and chemicals.

- 1. Move indoors, stay indoors.
- 2. Close all openings in the apartment as well as air vents.
- 3. Open the radio and calmly wait for instructions.
- 4. Do not jam the phone lines.
- 5. Do not leave the indoor areas until urged to do so by the authorities, in order to avoid danger on the way.

The public warning signal is a one-minutelong ascending and descending siren or an announcement by the authorities. In this case, proceed as instructed in the guide for taking cover indoors. The ascending tone is 7 seconds long, as is the descending tone. The All Clear signal is a one-minute-long monotonous signal. It signifies that the threat or danger has passed.

In the event of a fire, do as follows:

- 1. RESCUE those in immediate danger.
- 2. NOTIFY others of danger.
- 3. MAKE AN ALERT. Call 112.
- 4. EXTINGUISH THE FIRE, if you can.
- 5. CONFINE. Close all windows and doors.
- 6. GUIDE the officials to the site.

We all havea duty to render aid. Duty to ren-

der aid refers to those actions that we can perform within our own individual capabilities to prevent accidents and to help the victims of an accident. We also have a duty to assist the authorities in accordance with their instructions.

Emergency first aid, or life-saving first aid, is a civic skill that everyone should practice regularly. Training is arranged by entities such as the Finnish Red Cross. The purpose of emergency first aid is to prevent the worsening of the patient's condition until the arrival of professional paramedics. Also remember to report the emergency! Learn at least the following skills:

Place an unconscious patient in a recovery position on their side. An unconscious patient breathes independently, but is not responsive when spoken to or shaken. A patient in the recovery position lies on his/her side so that the head is tilted back to keep their airways open. Remember to report the emergency!

CPR (cardiopulmonary resuscitation) means maintaining a person's blood circulation and respiration before paramedics arrive at the scene. In resuscitation the patient's chest is compressed 30 times and mouth to mouth breathing given two times, repeating for as

long as necessary.

